A Trip To The Planets

09 September 2023

An alien extraterrestrial visitor to Earth is asked to describe a trip from Earth to the planets of our solar system, where one or a few humans are taken along for the ride. Naturally some readers might ask if it would be a Tall White or a Tall Grey or possibly what other species. "To whomever this question seems logical or reasonable" says the *Visitor To Earth* (hereinafter abbreviated as VTE) "we sadly inform her/him/them that the back end of the queue is their place to await such a joyride."

Q: Well, good friend Visitor To Earth, what could, have or should we call your civilization?
VTE: Pleiadeans.

Q: Before we proceed, can we clear up the Nordic rumor? A reader said not long ago that she'd read somewhere that Pleiadeans look like humans from Scandinavia, i.e. Nordic or Viking-like in appearance. Is this true?
VTE: It is very true for Pleiadeans who resemble such humans, but among our civilization, we have a diverse spread of appearances, just as occurs with humans. Different but of a similar variety or diversity, as humans are given to say at the moment.

Q: Have Pleiadeans ever taken humans for rides aboard Pleiadean ships or vessels?
VTE: Yes, on many occasions.

Q: If enough humans asked for this, would it be done?
VTE: Yes, of course but that would be a far step into the future. The problem is, many humans would punish the ones we might give such an experience. The principal reason we do not do this now, is the same reason or cause so few humans would ask.

Q: That reason is?
VTE: For every interested human, there are several more who either disbelieve or fear, and often both. Among this large group of fearful and/or disbelieving humans, are the evil controllers who will harm the first humans who attempt to describe the experience publicly.

Q: Yup. And it's already happened. I have met people who suffered this trouble. So, we take off from Earth, can you describe your vessel or ship?
VTE: Yes, what would you like to know?

Q: Exterior dimensions and color, please.
VTE: You would call it grayish white, or greyish white. Length of the one we would typically use to reach your planetary surface, forty-five meters in length, thirty wide and twenty five tall or high, generally oval shaped but without rounded surfaces for the most part.

Q: Don't sharp corners and edges affect aerodynamics?
VTE: Yes, but the vessel is not intended for use in atmospheric movements. Just as a rectangular box such as a barge is not ideal or intended for many water voyages, but can be taken onto the high seas in some cases. This does not matter, because the ship can move through Earth's atmosphere at speeds humans still do not comprehend.

Q: How big is the interior?
VTE: Because we share many similar aspects of planetary dimensions, conditions, chemistry and biology, we can have a proportional size to the human perceived exterior, or we can expand it to be much larger.

Q: How can you make it larger, or seem larger?
VTE: It would seem larger because it is fact and deed, larger. This is achieved by changing the dimensional vibration of the physical surroundings, increasing it above what is possible on Earth. Your soul vibrates at all levels and is congruous, synchronized and compatible with any dimensionality. Your physical body would suffer severe effects, physical trauma and even worse if it is forced into a dimensionality too abruptly. If however the human body, or any thing, object, plant or animal of Earth is allowed to be drawn steadily in to the field created for reproduction of the higher dimensionality, the body will follow along. Think of rubbing the palm of your hand across a sharp knife blade, from the thick portion towards the ever thinner then sharp edge. Little or no effect would result. If the hand is pressed too hard or quickly against the knife blade in the opposite direction, the effects would be most different and very bad.

Think of turning up the heat slowly versus quickly.

Q: So how long would be required for the interior of the vessel to expand?
VTE: For most humans, several minutes are more than sufficient. You would observe the interior surfaces grow larger, move away from you and see a far bigger interior volume. Chambers, cabins and other areas would appear beyond doors, hatches and other passageways, the few which exist.

Q: How long, in human Earth time, would be required to reach orbit altitude?
VTE: Ten seconds, from lift off from the surface to a height of approximately one hundred kilometers.

Q: Ten kilometers per second? 36,000 kph?
VTE: Yes, quite slow because the energy needed to displace Earth's atmosphere without effects, such as wind, sound or electrical charges, are unnecessary above this height or altitude. Insufficient atmosphere remains above one hundred kilometers.

Q: How long would the ship be in orbit?
VTE: It would not typically orbit, this is not necessary. If you were to drive a motorized vehicle from a store to your apartment or house, it is possible to make several laps around the parking area when leaving, if you prefer, but is not necessary.

Q: Which planet would be visited first?
VTE: We would calculate the easiest trajectory depending upon planet position at the moment such trip were undertaken. We could possibly travel to the outer edge of the system, then return from beyond the outer edge, or begin closer to your central star.

Q: How much human time would be needed to reach Pluto?
VTE: Several minutes, depending on its position.

Q: Five billion kilometers in a few minutes? That would be a billion kilometers in like, one minute maybe. 60,000,000,000 kph? Slow?

VTE: We can reach Earth from The Pleiades Cluster in sixty of your human minutes and the location is vastly more than sixty billion miles distant. In your terms, our home is more than four hundred forty light years, almost 900,000 times as far away from Earth as is your cousin planet Pluto.

Q: How much time would a complete tour of our solar system require?
VTE: Travel time would be approximately twenty minutes in all, or more or maybe less, depending on planet positions relative to one another. The total trip would be longer, given time taken to stop, observe and approach.

Q: During the trip what would we see?
VTE: Humans would see gray and only; because we would travel above the upper limit of speed in human dimensionality. Light humans normally perceive would not reach you for the most part. Reflected light moving towards you would be strongly amplified thus blocked to prevent harm.

Humans know the effect of visible light concentrated with a concave mirror or transparent concave lens; on your planet's surface sunlight can be used to melt steel, if a sufficiently large concave mirror is employed. The effects of speed above a dimensionality limit can have effects, some undesirable and even fatal, if not blocked or neutralized. This would be done to and for humans taken to visit other planets, until our ship dropped its speed under your limit of 300,000 kilometers per second.

Q: How close to the surface of each planet could your ship approach?
VTE: Where there exists a surface solid enough, we can touch down upon it. Jupiter and Saturn are mostly gaseous than liquid or solid, so we would enter until reaching a density too thick for our vessel or too dark for our traveler guest.

Q: Are the images we've obtained from either landings or close approaches to the system's planets, accurate?
VTE: Yes, however the beauty of the entire solid surfaces of the many planets and moons orbiting about them, are much more beautiful and even breathtaking in person.

Q: How much would be charged for a quickie one hour tour of the solar system?
VTE: Thank you for the laugh.

Q: What big thing would impress and amaze humans about the solar system, that we do not know?
VTE: This you know but would need to see. We would take a traveler tourist to see Mercury and observe it from a specific distance for several minutes. We would then travel straight to Ganymede, a satellite of Jupiter which is larger than Mercury and place our ship equidistance from Jupiter's approximate surface and its satellite moon. Then from the same distance we had just observed Mercury. At that moment a human would appreciate the enormous size of Jupiter, and forever remember the trip.

Q: A human wouldn't require straps, belts or other restraints for safety during the trip?
VTE: Of course not.

Q: If outside were all gray, what would be seen if we could look outside a porthole or other viewer hatch?
VTE: Upon slowing down, the gray would steadily change into a clear image, just as would happen when emerging from a fog. The effect of flying through thick clouds is somewhat similar to what would happen.

Q: Would a danger exist?
VTE: It always exists in outer space, if unknown and not properly anticipated. For us and humans, none would be present during such a trip.

Q: Would vessels from other VTE civilizations be around?
VTE: This is a guarantee we can issue with certainty, but such peers and friends would remain invisible unless the human tourist already knew of them and affirmatively asked to see them. You would be a good candidate for this, yet we already know you would decline to make such a trip, so the point is moot.

Q: I can think of a billion people who would sell their family to go on such a trip, good luck with one.
VTE: That is the last human we would bring along, but we agree with your assessment of human eagerness to the point of self-destruction, in too many among you. Farewell we bid you all, keep watching the skies we say.